Summary of data

The spreadsheet includes data from fall 1992 through spring 2012\*. The first winter term was winter 2004. Average retention and success rates are summarized in the following table.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Fall | | Spring | | Summer | | Winter | |
|  | Ret | Suc | Ret | Suc | Ret | Suc | Ret | Suc |
| Years without winter | 80% | 66% | 80% | 66% | 87% | 76% |  |  |
| Years with winter | 85% | 68% | 84% | 68% | 90% | 79% | 90% | 78% |

The percent increase of success rates in fall is 2.8%, for spring is 2.4%, and for summer is 3.8%. The student population has been increasing, but if it were constant from 1992 through 2012, this would mean that 1825 more students would have succeeded in fall, 1525 more in spring and 734 more in winter.

The average total number of students that enrolled in summer I and summer II for years before winter was implemented is 19,468.

The average total number of students that enrolled in summer and winter for years after winter was implemented is 24,651.

\*Note: In order to split up the data from summer I and summer II, a different set of data was used that only includes years 1999-2003.